

LIFELONG LEARNING IN THE 21ST CENTURY: Opportunities & Challenges

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INTRODUCTION: RECENT TRENDS IN LIFELONG LEARNING

Various focus areas:

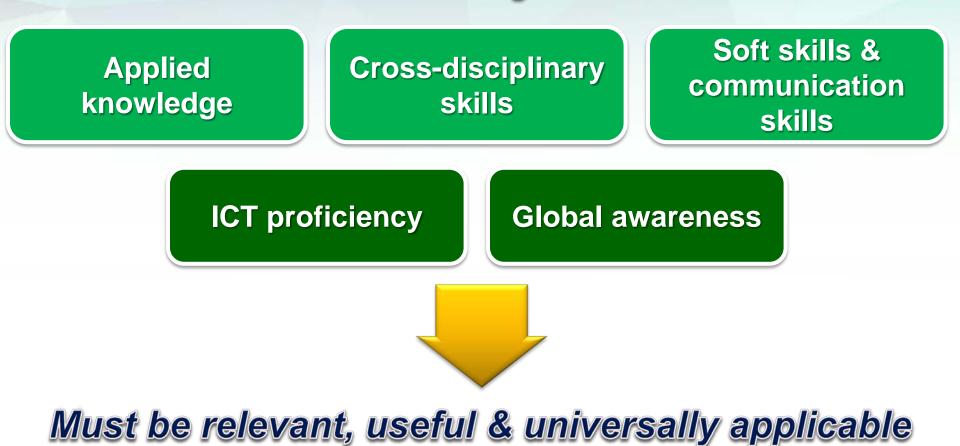
Technical & vocational education & training (TVET) ICT-led innovations: e-Learning & MOOCs

Adult education & part-time studies

Comprehensive approach: Combination of all forms of learning (formal, non-formal & informal) Flexible education: Customising learning opportunities based on individual needs & preferences

INTRODUCTION: RECENT TRENDS IN LIFELONG LEARNING

21st century skills:



UNIQUE PERSPECTIVES



COMMONWEALTH OF LEARNING

Lifelong Learning for Farmers programme

Conducted in Africa, Asia & the Caribbean

Using ICT to educate farmers, improve their farming techniques, etc

UNESCO

Lifelong learning to eradicate violence against women

Study conducted in 5 Asian countries

Social movement to raise awareness & for female empowerment

OTHER INIATIATIVES

Examples of lifelong learning agenda:

- Entrepreneurship for rural folk
- Eradication of discrimination
- Reducing illiteracy
- Community development

THE GLOBAL CONTEXT



Varying degrees of success:

Advanced systems & frameworks, e.g.: South Korea's Credit Bank System & Denmark's liberal education approach

Limited resources & awareness, especially in developing regions Varying motivations for lifelong learning:

Complement to higher education

Professional training & upgrading

Community development

Opportunity to transform educational approaches

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THE MALAYSIAN CONTEXT



Launched November 2011

Currently at various stages of implementation

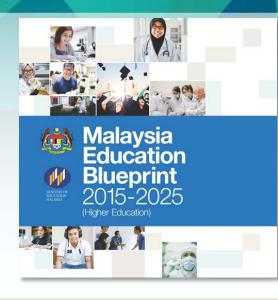
Lifelong learning as the 3rd pillar in human capital development

Timeframe & budgets in line with the 10th & 11th Malaysia Plans (2011-2020)

Definition in Malaysia encompasses the educational needs & interests of the working age population (15-64 years)

THE MALAYSIAN CONTEXT





Lifelong learning included as one of the 10 Shifts in the recent Education Blueprint

4 CLUSTERS OF LIFELONG LEARNING ACTIVITIES:

CLUSTER 1:

Part-time academic programmes, including ODL

CLUSTER 3:

Non-formal programmes for self-improvement, e.g. sewing

CLUSTER 2: Technical & skills-based courses

CLUSTER 4: Full-time higher education academic programmes

THE MALAYSIAN CONTEXT: THE CURRENT SCENARIO



Various Government-led initiatives & programmes, including nationwide lifelong learning carnivals Growing efforts to increase awareness & for enculturation of lifelong learning across society

Growing acknowledgement in the importance of adult education Increasing focus on accreditation of prior experiential learning (APEL)

Moving towards accreditation structure & credit award system for all lifelong learning programmes

OPPORTUNITIES & STAKEHOLDERS



GOVERNMENTS

Achieving economic growth via upgrading of the labour force

EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS

Diversifying programmes offered

Enhancing available expertise & resources

EMPLOYERS & ORGANISATIONS

Improving employee capacities for better performance at work

INDIVIDUALS

Obtaining additional qualifications

CURRENT CHALLENGES



Inadequate policies (country- & region-wide): Crucial to ensure an education & training system that is responsive to global developments

Recognition & accreditation issues, including for nonformal courses & professional training

Overlapping efforts/initiatives leading to inefficient use of resources

Lack of public awareness

THE FUTURE OF LIFELONG LEARNING



Intensify efforts towards professional training & workbased learning

Further leverage on ODL & e-learning

Encourage lifelong learning as a solution to current issues, e.g. graduate unemployment

Develop policies towards further enhancing awareness & participation: Important to address all areas & mechanism in lifelong learning provision

LEVERAGING ON ODL



ODL is a useful, viable & relevant approach to further expand the lifelong learning cause

e-Learning, on its own or in combination with face-to-face study sessions, can widen access & opportunities in lifelong learning



Various courses & programmes, in the form of formal & non-formal learning

Flexible approaches in registration, curriculum, pedagogy, delivery, assessment & support services

A variety of learning materials to suit different learning styles



CONCLUDING REMARKS

Important to encourage continuous dialogue on lifelong learning at national, regional & global levels

Equally crucial to understand the implications of lifelong learning on today's knowledge economy



THANK YOU