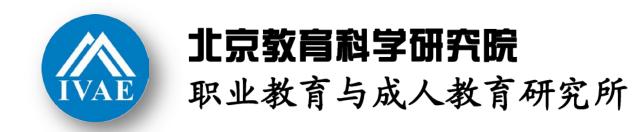
## Beijing VET Qualification Framework Reform for Lifelong Learning —A Bridge Between Workplace Learning and School Education?

#### **Dayong Yuan**

Beijing Academy of Educational Sciences
Coordinator of Beijing VET International Cooperation





### Part 1: Background

## Introduction

- **About my work:** Institute for Vocational and Adult Education (IVAE) at Beijing Academy of Educational Sciences (BAES), we provide consultation and academic support to Beijing Municipal government, local education authority and vocational colleges in Beijing, also I am the coordinator for international exchanges and cooperation in my institution.
- About this presentation:
- 1.VET school education vs. Workplace learning: school education still the major place to train student and less attention for workplace learning.
- 2.the pilot study can show some basic problems Chinese vocational education are facing
- 3.VET schooling itself need to improve in structure under the umbrella of lifelong learning



#### China







## **Population**





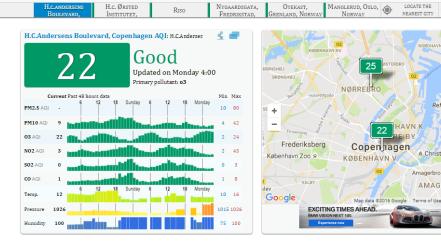


#### **Pollution**

**GUS Embassy** Air Pollution: Real-time Air Quality Index (AQI)



**H.C.Andersens Boulevard, Copenhagen** Air Pollution: Real-time Air Qu







#### **Education**



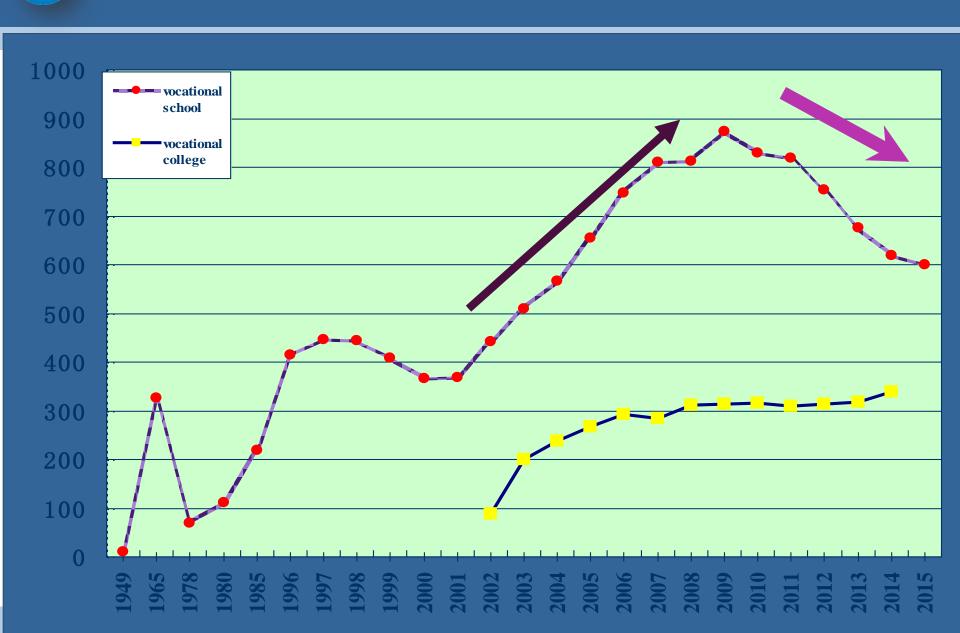




# Part 2: Beijing VET Qualification Framework Reform

why?

#### 1949-2015 vocational education students number

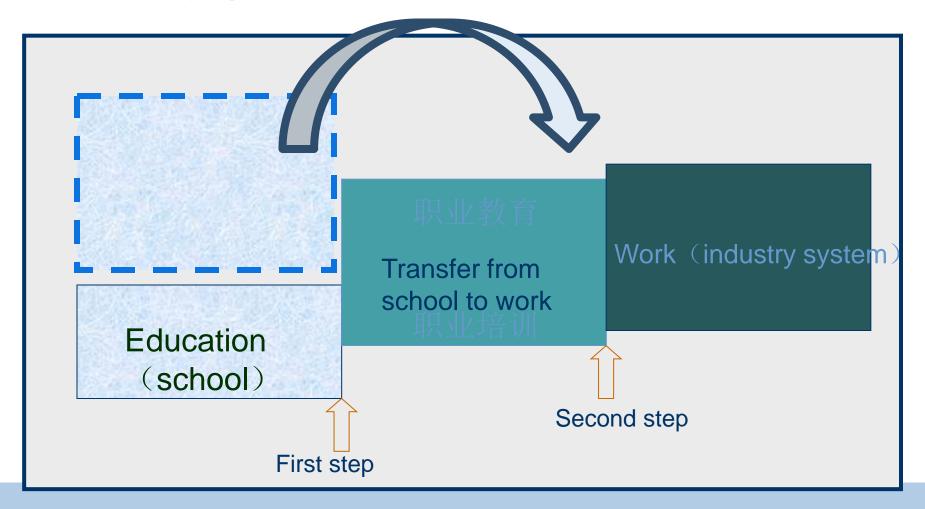




#### Rethink of VET education

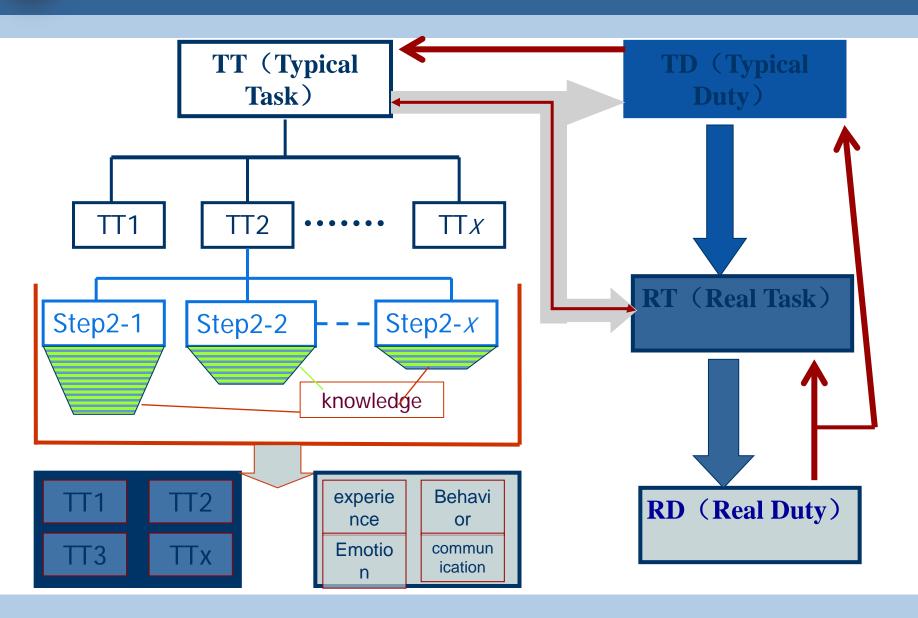
#### Rauner, F. (1999), School-to-Work Transition: The Example of Germany.

In D.Stern and D.A.Wagner(eds.), *International Perspectives on the School-to-Work Transition* (pp.237-272). Cresskill, New Jersey: Hapmton Press





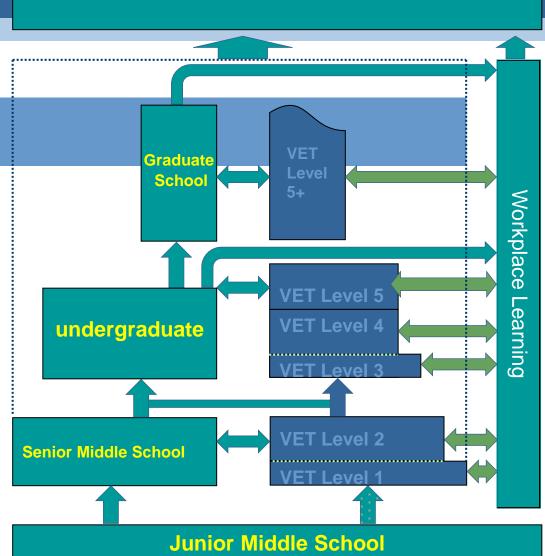
#### BVQF reform logic: TT→ TD/RT→ RD



Ph.D.		Doctoral Program (3 years)							
	25			,					
Master's	24	Master's Program (2-3 years)					7		
	23						6	Higher Education	
	22						5		
	21	]	Undergrad	duate (4-5	years)		4		
Bachelor's	20	] .				Professional School of	3		
	19	]	Higher Ed	ucation Pr	ofessional		2	]	
	18		Scl	hool (2 yea	irs)	(Short Cycle, 3 years)	1		
High School Diploma or	17	Secor	ndary	Vocatio	nal High	Senior Middle	12	Upper Secondary	
Secondary Professional	16	Drotectional			(3 years)	School (3 years)	11	Education	
School Diploma	15	School (	3 years)		chool (5 years)	303. (3 / 24.3)	10		
	14	1					9	Lower Secondary	
	13	Junior Middle School (3 years)					8	Education	
	12						7		
	11	1					6		Nine-Year
	10	1					5	2.	Compulsory
	9	1	Р	rimary Sch	4	Primary	Education		
	8	3 2 1						Education	
}	7								
}	6 5								
}	4	Kindergarten (3 years)					Kinder-	Pre-School	
}	ga garten (5 years)					garten	Education		
١	Age						Grade		



#### Continuing education



# Beijing VET Qualification Framework

under the structure of lifelong learning concept

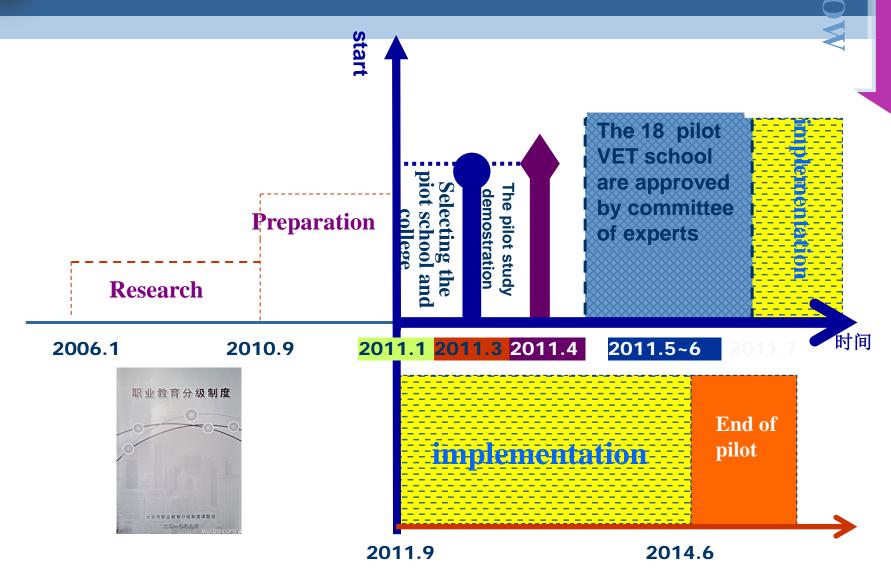


# Part 2: Beijing VET Qualification Framework Reform

How?



#### **BVQF** reform timetable



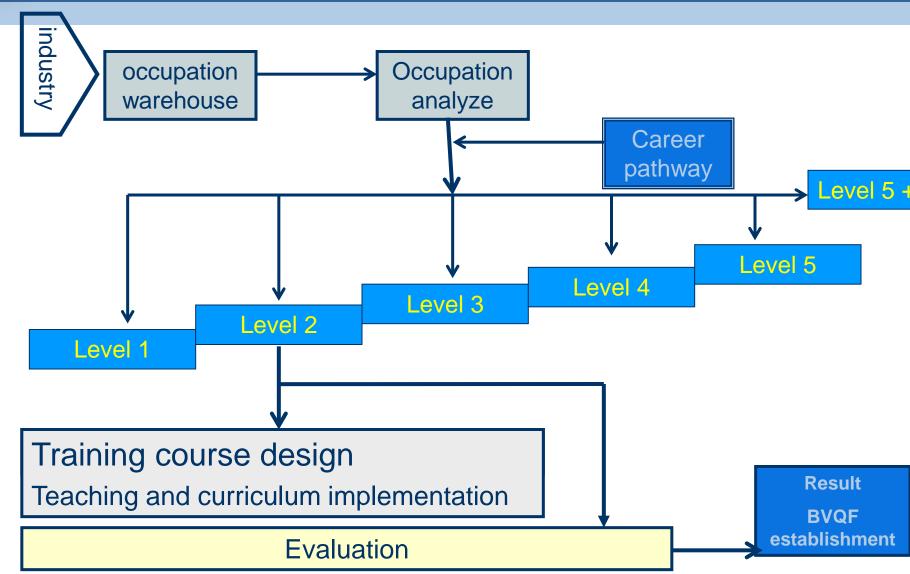


#### Choose pilot majors of BVQF reform

- > Software technology
- Marketing sales
- ➤ Biological technology
- > Auto manufacturing
- Mechanical and electrical Network technology integration technology
- ➤ Modern logistics
- > Communication technology
- > Animal husbandry veterinary
- > Tourism management

- Digital media
- > Security management
- > Automotive technical service
- > Railway transportation
- Architecture and decoration
- Garden landscape
- > Jewels processing, appraisal and and marketing
  - > Elderly service

# **BVQF** reform key points





#### The BVQF reform Process



#### 1.Demanding analysis



#### **SIEMENS**

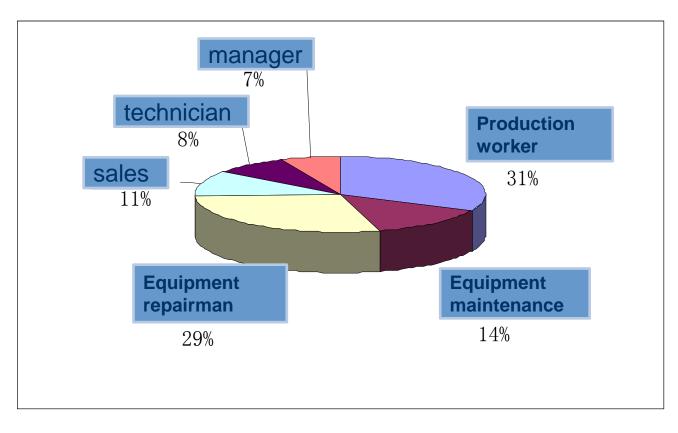












Research report based on different company

By Beijing Polytechnic





#### 2. Establish the Occupation Warehouses

➤ BVQF reform is conduct by VET school cooperation together with industry and enterprises, analyze the professional types, structures and features in-depth, establish career structure model and divide the level rationally according to the classification system, and finally form the trial reform of "occupation warehouse".





#### **Establish occupation warehouses**

	levels				1	2	3	4	5	5+
biotechnology	R&D production	Biopharmaceutical researchers Biopharmaceutical research assistants Genetic engineering worker Biological products worker Senior pharmaceutical preparation workers Separation& Purification Cell culture worker Pharmaceutical preparations	skills to product			2	3			5+
ogy		Microbial fermentation Solution preparation								
	sample test	Drug chemist Engineer Senior Drug chemist Drug chemist Advanced chemical inspector Strain breeding worker	Simple to hard							
		Intermediate chemical								





#### 3. Setting the standards

- Vocational education standard is the objective reflection of social (industry, enterprise) demands for education process, and is the organic integration of national vocational qualification standards ,enterprise employment standards, school education standards and evaluation.
- ➤ VET Level standard is a standard system, in which every level has its clear boundary and also a reasonable cohesion with others.





#### 4. Description of the ability of each level

#### A. Social Abilities

1 safety, 2 legal, 3 environmental protection, 4 compliance, 5 responsibility, 6 economic, 7 communication and cooperation

#### B. Operation abilities

- 1. the ability to understand and implement enterprise production technical specifications and standards
- 2. the ability to understand and use production tools
- 3. the ability to master and use working methods
- 4. the ability to complete production tasks (1) \( (2) \) (3)

#### C. Development abilities

- 1. learning ability (master new technology, new information and new policy)
- 2. Information ability (information collection and handling application ability, information technology skills)
- 3. Management ability (strategic thinking, planning and design, organization, coordination, execution)
- 4. Innovation ability





#### 4. Description of the ability of each level

Level	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
definition	Able to correctly express information	Able to listen and clearly express information	Can be concise, effective communication	Ability to communicate with analysis tools	Can encourage two-way communication
description	Can correctly express what they want to say, can correctly convey the content of others to say;  Body language and expression of the same intention	Have basic English proficiency  Can encourage others to take the initiative to communicate;  Be able to actively and objectively listen, do not interrupt each other;  At any time with each other check the correctness of communication information, such as duplication, interpretation	Have basic English proficiency  Can encourage others to take the initiative to communicate;  Be able to actively and objectively listen, do not interrupt each other;  At any time with the other check the correctness of communication, such as duplication, interpretation;  Communication can be concise and clear	Have basic English proficiency  Can encourage others to take the initiative to communicate;  Be able to actively and objectively listen, do not interrupt each other;  At any time with the other check the correctness of communication, such as duplication, interpretation;  Communication can be concise and clear;  Effective communication with effective tools	Have intermediate level of English Can encourage others to take the initiative to communicate; Be able to actively and objectively listen, do not interrupt each other; At any time with the other check the correctness of communication, such as duplication, interpretation; Communication can be concise and clear; Can communicate effectively with effective tools; To the relevant data, case, information to support communication

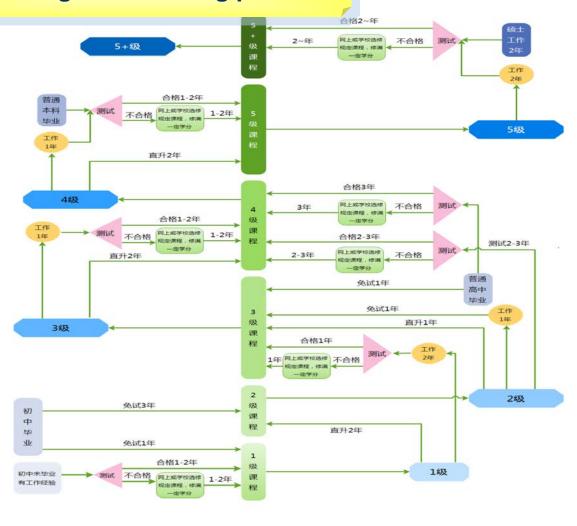
communication ablity





#### 5.Design the learning path

Learning path







#### 6.Design TOPIC of vocational education

- □ Phase is a physical and chemical concept. According to the difference of existing material forms and distribution, a system is divided into phases. A phase has the same physical and chemical properties and can be distinguished with the rest of the system.
- □ "Phase" used in vocational education means a professional career education teaching system which can be divided into several units like content, function, method. These units can be parallel or stacked
  - ✓ Reflecting the teach-learn-do combination feature in kind,
  - ✓ Presenting the enterprise training standards, school education standards, students' mind and body development fusion feature in content,
  - ✓ Reflecting the characteristics of behavior field, the study field, learning situation, the cycle of behavior field in structure.





#### **Design TOPIC** of vocational education

- □ Training Object Phase In Class, TOPIC
   □ The whole process of learner-centered teaching, studying, training, and do designed according to the specific production project to (professional) design task.
   □ TOPIC is completed in school, which is bigger than learning area in German and equivalent to learning field + enterprise training modules.
   □ TOPIC solves the standardization of vocational education and realized zero distance between enterprise's requirement and standard.
- ☐ TOPIC is the basic unit of vocational education and also the practical teaching organization plan.
- ☐ TOPIC exists with and digital multimedia forms.





#### **Design TOPIC of vocational education**

Level 5	ENTERNA AN
Level 4	
Level 3	
Level 2	
Level 1	



## Pilot projects of VET Level Framework. to be argued



#### **Design TOPIC** of vocational education







Pet care



Animal disease prevention and control





Poultry and poultry disease prevention





#### 7. Quality Monitoring And Evaluation

- Establish student training quality monitoring system, including student training quality monitoring index, the method of obtaining the student training quality monitoring information and data, the using of student training quality monitoring results.
- Establish student training quality evaluation system, from the evaluation of every teaching project to every level of evaluation standards, factors methods. Form a scientific and strict quality management, monitoring and evaluation system.



#### Seven Step to achieve good vocational education

- 1. Demanding analysis
- 2. Establish the occupation warehouses
- 3. Setting the standards
- 4. Description of the ability of each levels
- 5. Design the learning path
- 6. Design TOPIC of vocational education
- 7. Quality Monitoring And Evaluation



# Part 2: Beijing VET Qualification Framework Reform

Result



#### The result of BVQF

- Enroll vocational students only 1 year(2011), the programme end in 2014.
- The evaluation is not process as planned, no students can get the qualification issued by government or any committee.
- The vocational schools/colleges did a very good survey of the industry.
- The relation between schools/colleges and industry are much more closed than before, the teachers and skill workers are exchanged quite often. We provide funding for this kind of exchanges.
- The students have chance to learn skills need in the working place, and the workers have chance to go back to school for further taining.



#### Some reasons for the BVQF not to continue

- Low students number
- Supporting policy is not enough(committee funding student learning outcome)
- Workplace learning is not easy to mobilize(motives \
   policy \ funding)
- Culture is still degree first
- The whole design is complex.
- No national example to follow.

Modern apprenticeship
VET system building
VET groups
Employer engagement

Community engagement

. . . . . .

## Thank You!



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职业教育与成人教育研究所